

## NỘI DUNG TUẦN 3 + 4 HK2 ANH 9

### A. NỘI DUNG ÔN TẬP – UNIT 6

#### I. MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. Many factories emit harmful .....into the atmosphere.  
A. pollutants                      B. energy                      C. polluted                      D. air
2. .... is chemical used for killing insects.  
A. Pollution                      B. Dynamite                      C. Pesticide                      D. Deforestation
3. I'm disappointed ..... people have spoiled this area.  
A. if                      B. that                      C. how                      D. and
4. .... reducing water pollution?  
A. Why not                      B. Why don't you                      C. Won't you                      D. How about
5. Mrs. Smith has kindly provided a picnic lunch ..... us.  
A. to                      B. for                      C. with                      D. of
6. The farmers are ..... their crops with pesticides.  
A. spraying                      B. polluting                      C. checking                      D. complaining
7. Don't throw trash ..... the water.  
A. onto                      B. on                      C. in                      D. to
8. We stay at home ..... it was raining heavily.  
A. because                      B. and                      C. but                      D. so
8. Unless you understand, I ..... explain it again to you.  
A. am                      B. was                      C. will                      D. would
9. David : "It's terrible. I don't think I will be able to pass the exam." – Mary : " \_\_\_\_\_ "  
A. Let's try it.                      B. Don't worry. Everything will be all right.  
C. OK. What's that?                      D. Why not pass it?
10. “ Let's do something interesting this evening !” –“ ..... ”  
A. Don't mention it.                      B.OK,why not ?  
C.Not at all.                      D.You're welcome.

#### II. WORD FORMS:

- 1/ He got an electric shock because of his .....catching of fish. (care)
- 2/ Without....., some people wouldn't catch fish. (electric)
- 3/ If we keep on .....the air. More people will suffer from respiratory diseases. (pollution)
- 4/ Many factories still allow ....., such as toxic waste, to flow into our river. (pollute)
- 5/ Shhh. Listen .....to the conservationist teaching us how to protect the environment. (care)
- 6/ The rising level of air pollution has caused concern among .....(environment)
- 7/ Ba was .....ill right after eating those .....mushrooms. (serious/ poison)
- 8/ The local residents promise to keep the environment .....(cleanness)
- 9/ We should end a letter .....with the words “Sincerely yours” . (polite)
- 10/ What is responsible for the .....problems in your country? (environment)

#### III. TRANSFORMATION:

1. Don't hope to be successful without trying your best.  
→ If \_\_\_\_\_
2. Review the lesson carefully and he will pass the exam.  
→ If \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Get out of my house or I'll call the police.  
→ If \_\_\_\_\_
4. It was cold, so I turned the heating on.  
→ Because \_\_\_\_\_.
5. We can't swim in this river because the water is highly polluted.  
→ Because of \_\_\_\_\_
6. He failed the exam because of not learning the lesson carefully.  
→ Because \_\_\_\_\_
7. She wants her son to take part in the social activities.  
→ She suggests that \_\_\_\_\_.
8. " Why don't you stop working and take a rest, Peter? "  
→ I suggest that \_\_\_\_\_
9. My uncle cooks very well at a famous restaurant.  
→ My uncle is \_\_\_\_\_
10. Hoa is a very hard-working student.  
→ Hoa \_\_\_\_\_

## **B. NỘI DUNG BÀI MỚI – UNIT 7**

### **LISTEN AND READ**

1. enormous (a) : to lớn, khổng lồ
2. plumber (n) : thợ sửa ống nước
3. crack (n) : vết nứt
4. faucet (n) : vòi nước  
→ dripping faucet : vòi nước đang chảy
5. water/ electricity bill (n) : hóa đơn tiền nước/ tiền điện
6. turn off : tắt # turn on : mở

### **READ**

1. luxury (n) : hàng xa xỉ.
2. necessary (a) : cần thiết  
→ necessity (n) : hàng cần thiết
3. consume (v) : tiêu thụ  
→ consumer (n) : người tiêu thụ  
→ consumption (n) : sự tiêu thụ
4. effective (a) : hiệu quả
5. product (n) : sản phẩm
6. account for : chiếm
7. light bulb : bóng đèn  
→ energy – saving bulb : bóng đèn tiết kiệm năng lượng
8. label (n/v) : nhãn/ dán nhãn
9. scheme (n) : kế hoạch  
→ labeling scheme : kế hoạch dán nhãn

10. energy efficiency : hiệu suất năng lượng
11. be compared with : được so sánh với
12. category (n) : loại/ hạng mục
13. ultimate (a) : cuối cùng
14. innovate (v) : đổi mới  
→ innovation (n) : sự đổi mới

### **LISTEN**

1. source of power : nguồn năng lượng
2. solar (a) : thuộc về mặt trời, liên quan đến mặt trời.
3. energy (n) : năng lượng  
→ solar energy : năng lượng mặt trời
3. solar panel : pin mặt trời
4. install (v) : lắp đặt
5. store (v) : tích trữ/ cất giữ
6. nuclear power : năng lượng hạt nhân

### **WRITE**

1. solid waste (n) : chất thải rắn
2. waste paper (n) : giấy thải  
→ separate wastebasket for wastepaper : thùng rác riêng biệt để chứa giấy thải
3. single printed page : giấy viết 1 mặt
4. draft (n) : giấy nháp  
→ keep sheets with single printed page for drafting : giữ giấy viết 1 mặt để làm nháp
4. sum up (v) : tóm lại
5. attention (n) : sự chú ý  
→ pay attention to ☺/ sth: chú ý đến ai/ cái gì
6. detail (n) : chi tiết  
→ detailed (adj) : cặn kẽ, tỉ mỉ, nhiều chi tiết

### **LANGUAGE FOCUS**

1. shortage (n) : sự thiếu hụt
2. war invalid (n) : thương binh

### **GRAMMAR NOTES (LANGUAGE FOCUS UNIT 7)**

#### **A) CONNECTIVES (Từ nối) : SO, BUT, HOWEVER, THEREFORE, AND, OR**

**a. So :** có nghĩa là *do đó, vì thế*, Mệnh đề bắt đầu bằng **so** được gọi là **mệnh trạng ngữ chỉ kết quả**.

**EX :**

- + The shop was closed, **so** I couldn't get any milk.
- + I was tired , **so** I went to bed early last night.
- + These glasses are very expensive **so** please be careful with them.

**b. Therefore :** là trạng từ với nghĩa là “ *do đó, vì thế* “. **Therefore** đồng nghĩa với **So** : chỉ **kết quả**.

EX :

- + He's busy; **therefore** he can't help you.
- + He's busy. **Therefore** he can't help you.
- + He's busy. He, **therefore**, can't help you.

**c. But :** là liên từ chỉ **sự đối lập** với nghĩa là “*nhưng, nhưng mà*”.

EX :

- + She felt ill, **but** she went to school.
- + My house is small, **but** it's very comfortable.

**d. However** có nghĩa là “*tuy nhiên, tuy thế*”. **However** được dùng để chỉ **sự đối lập** giữa hai mệnh đề.

EX :

- + Everyone played well. **However**, we still lost the game.
- + Everyone played well. We still lost the game, **however**.
- + Nam often studies hard at school; **however**, he doesn't get many good marks in some subjects.

**e. Because = Since = As** : dùng để chỉ **nguyên nhân** của một hành động sự việc nào đó.

EX :

I failed in my exam **because/ since/ as** I didn't study.

**Because/ Since/ As** she wanted to pass her exam, she decided to study well.

**f. And** : dùng để **thêm thông tin** vào câu nói

EX: My hobbies are playing soccer **and** listening to music

**g. Or : (hoặc):** dùng để **giới thiệu một khả năng khác**

EX: Would you like tea **or** coffee?

## **B) PHRASAL VERBS ( Cụm động từ)**

**a. Turn off # turn on:** tắt ≠ mở

Ex: I forgot to **turn off** the light when I went out.

Ex: I **turn on** the light! It's dark in here.

**b. Look for:** tìm kiếm

Ex: What are you **looking for**?

**c. Look after** = take care of ; chăm sóc

Ex: Who will **look after** the garden when you're on vacation?

**d. Go on + N/ V-ing** = continue, carry on, keep on : tiếp tục

Ex: If you **go on** doing that, you'll be punished.

**e. Look forward to + N/V-ing** = expect, hope for, plan for : trông đợi, mong chờ

Ex : + Are you **looking forward to** your vacation?

+ I'm really **looking forward to** working with you.

**C) MAKING SUGGESTIONS ( Đưa ra đề nghị, yêu cầu)**

❖ **S + suggest + V-ing**

- I **suggest going** swimming.
- Tom **suggested playing** badminton.

❖ **S + suggest + that + S + should + Vo/ Vo**

- They **suggest that** everyone **should save/ save** electricity.

**Chú ý:** Từ “THAT” ở mẫu câu này không được bỏ.